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PPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/829,483	10/09/2003	Kevin J. Kunkler	066312 . 003-C1	7360	
27805 75	90 08/01/2006		EXAMINER		
THOMPSON	HINE L.L.P.	RODRIGUEZ, WILLIAM H			
P.O. BOX 8801 DAYTON, OH		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			3746		
			DATE MAILED: 08/01/2006	5	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/829,48	33	KUNKLER ET AL.				
		Examine	•	Art Unit				
		William H.	Rodríguez	3746				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication reply	n appears on the	e cover sheet with	h the correspondence a	ddress			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RECHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pere to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by reply received by the Office later than three months after the ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	IG DATE OF THE SER 1.136(a). In no even on, period will apply and we statute, cause the app	HIS COMMUNIC ent, however, may a repail expire SIX (6) MONT lication to become ABA	ATION. ply be timely filed HS from the mailing date of this INDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1)🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	18 May 2006						
<u> </u>		-	on-final					
	a) This action is FINAL . 2b) \boxtimes This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
٠/ـــا	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	ion of Claims		,,	,				
		lha annliantian						
•	Claim(s) <u>1-3 and 13-20</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
·	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
·	Claim(s) <u>1-3,13 and 18-20</u> is/are rejected.							
	⊠ Claim(s) <u>14-17</u> is/are objected to. □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
اـــا(٥	Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	and/or election in	equirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
9)🛛	The specification is objected to by the Exa	miner.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>09 April 2004</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.								
	Applicant may not request that any objection to	o the drawing(s) b	e held in abeyanc	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co	orrection is require	ed if the drawing(s	s) is objected to. See 37 C	CFR 1.121(d).			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the	ne Examiner. No	ote the attached	Office Action or form P	TO-152.			
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
_	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for All b) Some * c) None of:		_	119(a)-(d) or (f).				
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority docur		•	•	1.04			
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the	•		eceived in this Nationa	ii Stage			
* C	application from the International Bu See the attached detailed Office action for a	•	` ''					
	see the attached detailed Office action for a		ned copies not re	eceiveu.				
Attachmen	t(s)							
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Su	mmary (PTO-413)				
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94)	8)	Paper No(s)/	Mail Date				
· 	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S r No(s)/Mail Date	3B/08)	5) Notice of Info	ormal Patent Application (PT -·	O-152)			

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election without traverse of Group I in the reply filed on 5/18/06 is acknowledged.

Claim Objections

2. Claim 13 is objected to because of the following informalities:

In lines 4-5 of claim 13 replace "the discharge port" by --the discharge port of said pumpin order to clarify the claim. Appropriate correction is required.

Specification

3. The specification of the disclosure is objected to because it needs to update the status of application 10/142,206, now abandoned. Appropriate correction is required.

Double Patenting

4. Claims 1-3 and 20 of this application conflict with claims 1-4 of Copending Application No. 10/808,183. 37 CFR 1.78(b) provides that when two or more applications filed by the same applicant contain conflicting claims, elimination of such claims from all but one application may be required in the absence of good and sufficient reason for their retention during pendency in more than one application. Applicant is required to either cancel the conflicting claims from all but one application or maintain a clear line of demarcation between the applications. See MPEP § 822.

Statutory

5. A rejection based on double patenting of the "same invention" type finds its support in the language of 35 U.S.C. 101 which states that "whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process ... may obtain a patent therefor ..." (Emphasis added). Thus, the term "same invention," in this context, means an invention drawn to identical subject matter. See *Miller v*.

Application/Control Number: 10/829,483

Art Unit: 3746

Eagle Mfg. Co., 151 U.S. 186 (1894); In re Ockert, 245 F.2d 467, 114 USPQ 330 (CCPA 1957); and In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970).

A statutory type (35 U.S.C. 101) double patenting rejection <u>can be overcome by canceling or amending the conflicting claims</u> so they are no longer coextensive in scope. The filing of a terminal disclaimer <u>cannot</u> overcome a double patenting rejection based upon 35 U.S.C. 101.

6. Claims 1-3 and 20 are provisionally rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of claims 1-4 of copending Application No. 10/808,183. This is a provisional double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Non-Statutory

7. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

8. Claim 13 is provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 29 of copending Application No. 10/808,183. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the claims of the copending application' 183 contain every element (i.e., a pump, an

Application/Control Number: 10/829,483

Art Unit: 3746

intake port, a discharge port, a movable member, a liquid receiving chamber, a liquid input, a liquid output and a throttle activation rod) recited in the instant application.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

9. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

10. Claims 13-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 13 recites the limitations "a liquid input and a liquid output" in lines 3-4. It is unclear whether the liquid inlet and liquid outlet belong to the pump or the liquid receiving chamber_input or output of what? Examiners suggest replacing this recitation by --a liquid receiving chamber adjacent the movable member **having** a liquid input and a liquid output--.

Claim 13 recites desired results that do not have positively recited structural limitations to define the apparatus. The recitations a), b) and c) do not limit or add any patentable weight to the claim because a recitation with respect to the manner in which a claimed apparatus is intended to be employed does not differentiate the claimed apparatus from a prior art apparatus satisfying the structural limitations of the claims. As written, the method steps (so that: a), b) and c)) in the apparatus claims render the scope of the claim indefinite. Appropriate correction is required.

Application/Control Number: 10/829,483

Art Unit: 3746

Claim 19 is indefinite because it does not positively recite any structural limitations that help define the sprinkler system. The claim just recites that the throttle control mechanism could be used for a building sprinkler system. Examiner suggest adding structural limitations (i.e., wherein said sprinkler system comprises:....) that help distinguish the invention from a prior art apparatus satisfying the structural limitations of the throttle mechanism but which is not necessarily intended for a building sprinkler system. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

11. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 12. Claims 13 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Groger et al. (US 5,174,723).

Groger teaches a liquid receiving chamber (chamber inside element 9) having a movable member 17 and a liquid inlet 22 and a liquid outlet (not labeled but shown as a small orifice), wherein said liquid inlet is fluidly connected to a discharge port of a pump, said pump also having an intake port, a throttle activation rod 11 operably connected to the movable member through means 10, wherein said movable member is biased by a spring. See particularly Figures 1 and 2.

Application/Control Number: 10/829,483 Page 6

Art Unit: 3746

Allowable Subject Matter

13. Claims 14-17 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35

U.S.C. 112, 2nd paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of

the base claim and any intervening claims.

Contact information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to William H. Rodríguez whose telephone number is 571-272-4831.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 7:30 am to 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Timothy S. Thorpe can be reached on 571-272-4444. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

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like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated

information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

William H. Rodríguez

odribnet

Primary Examiner

Art Unit 3746